

Matisse[®] Installation Guide for Linux

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Matisse Installation Guide for Linux

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Installing Matisse on Linux

System Requirements

Before installing Matisse on Linux, you must have the following system requirements:

Hardware

- ◆ At least 64 MB of RAM; 128 MB RAM is recommended
- ◆ 100 MB disk space
- ◆ x86 (32 bit), x86_64 (64 bit) AMD64 or EM64T chips families

Distribution

- ◆ Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4.x, 5.x
- ◆ Fedora Core 3 and up
- ◆ SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 9.x
- ◆ SUSE 9.x
- ◆ Ubuntu 8.x, 9.x
- ◆ CentOS 4.x, 5.x
- ◆ Any other Linux distributions, where Matisse 8 has not been tested, require Linux kernel 2.6.9 on systems based on x86 (32-bits) or x86_64 (64-bits) chips families.

Software Requirements

- ◆ The Matisse Enterprise Manager requires that you have the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) installed on your machine. We recommend JRE version 1.6.0 or higher.
- ◆ If you plan to develop applications with the Matisse Java binding you must install JDK 1.6.0 or higher.
- ◆ For developing applications in C, C++ you will need gcc 3.4.4 or higher, and g++ 3.4.4 or higher.

Installing Matisse on Linux

For detailed instructions on installing Linux, see the `readme.txt` file included in the `matisse-8.3-x.rpm` package.

Uninstall Matisse

Before installing, you need to stop all the running Matisse databases and uninstall your previous installation of Matisse. This will preserve your databases and any file that you may have created or updated in the installation directories.

To uninstall Matisse from your system, use the following commands.

```
> rpm -q matisse
    matisse-8.2-x
> rpm -e matisse-8.2-x
```

Install Matisse

To install Matisse in your system, become the root user and use the following command.

```
> rpm -ihv matisse-8.3-x.i386.rpm
```

The file name may vary depending on the version. This installs matisse in the default directory `/usr/local/matisse`. We refer to this directory as `<install_dir>` throughout this document.

You may choose another directory with the following command:

```
> rpm -ihv --prefix <your_install_dir> matisse-8.3-x.i386.rpm
```

After the installation

At this stage, you do not need to be logged as root. Verify that you have the Java Runtime Environment installed on your machine. For instance:

```
> which java
/opt/j2re1.6.0_16/bin/java
```

Set the proper environment variable to run Matisse. You may execute one of the following environment setup scripts depending on your shell:

```
> source <install_dir>/mt_env.sh(sh, bash, ksh shells)
> source <install_dir>/mt_env.csh(csh, tcsh shells)
```

Then you can launch the Matisse Enterprise Manager to create or start your databases:

```
> mt_emgr &
```

Open the file `readme.html` located in `/usr/local/matisse` for a quick start with using Matisse.

Installation Notes

◆ Compatibility:

Matisse 8.3 client/server dialog is incompatible with all platforms running previous versions of Matisse. Therefore, you should ensure that your client applications are linked with the latest 8.3 client library.

◆ Troubleshooting:

For troubleshooting, or for a more detailed description of the installation process, please refer to the last section of this document.

◆ Problems/feedback:

Please report any problem or feedback to our support at support@matisse.com via our feedback page at www.matisse.com.

Installing the Matisse ODBC Driver for Linux

The Matisse ODBC driver included with the standard Matisse installation currently supports the open source Driver Managers iODBC (at www.iodbc.org) and unixODBC (at www.unixodbc.org), with ODBC 2.0 API functions.

We do not detail here the unixODBC installation, as it is very similar to the iODBC installation.

Setting Up

First, the iODBC driver manager must be installed and the path for the driver manager must be in the LD_LIBRARY_PATH of your shell configuration file.

Visit the iODBC website (at www.iodbc.org) and download the source for the iODBC open source ODBC driver manager, and compile it on your machine. It only takes a few minutes to configure and install.

Since the default installation directory of the driver manager is `/usr/local/iodbc`, and the driver manager library is in `/usr/iodbc/lib`, in your shell configure file (`.cshrc` or `.bashrc` for example) add the following to your LD_LIBRARY_PATH:

```
>LD_LIBRARY_PATH=${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}:/usr/local/iodbc/lib
```

In your home directory you need to write a file called `.odbc.ini` that has the information needed by both the driver manager and the driver itself when connecting to the database.

In the following example, Matisse is installed in the default directory `/usr/local/matisse`, so the ODBC driver library (`libmatisseODBC.so.8.x`) would be in the `/usr/local/matisse/lib/` directory. For instance if the database name is `accounts`, and the host computer being connected to is `cornsilk`, the format of the file needs to be as follows:

```
# Identifier for connection information to a specific
# database - called a DSN or data source name
[ODBC Data Sources]
matissedsn=MATISSE DATABASE

# DSN description contains path to driver manager library
```

```
# and connection information
[matissedsn]
Driver=/opt/matisse8/lib/libmatisseODBC.so.8.x
Database=accounts
HostName=cornsilk
```

Testing the mt_odbc Utility

To run the program `mt_odbc`, after starting your database, type:

```
> mt_odbc <data source name>
```

In the `.odbc.ini` file described previously, the data source name is `matissedsn`, so the command would be:

```
> mt_odbc matissedsn
```

After successful connection to your database, you may run any SQL statement. For instance to discover the classes in your database:

```
mt_odbc> SELECT MtName FROM MtClass;
MtName
-----
MtClass
...
```

Managing Matisse Services

The `mt_services.sh` shell script located in the `sys` directory of a Matisse installation holds the commands to start/stop the Matisse services after a reboot/shutdown of the machine. Logged as root, the DBA can update the file to activate/deactivate Matisse Services. By default, Matisse portmon for TPC/IP and for local socket (AF_UNIX) are activated. Matisse Server Manager Listener (SMLlistener) which requires Java 6 or higher to be installed and accessible on the machine is deactivated.

Port Monitors

Matisse port monitor allows client applications to connect to any Matisse server with a single port number. Matisse portmon for TPC/IP and for local socket (AF_UNIX) are activated. You need at least one portmon activated on the machine. If you only intend to run your application and the database server locally on the same machine, you may only need to active `local` connections.

```
start() {
    [...]
    # Start portmon services
    ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_pmadm -s -p mtlocal -t local &&
    success "mt_portmon local startup" || failure "mt_portmon
    local startup"
    RETVAL=$?
```

```

    [...]
}

stop() {
    [...]
    # Stop portmon services
    (${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_pmadm -k -p mtlocal || killproc
mt_portmon) && success "$base mtlocal shutdown" || failure
"$base mtlocal shutdown"
    [...]
}

```

Server Manager Listener

Matisse Server Manager Listener (SMLListener) manages remote operation requests on a local network. This service is optional and therefore is not activated by the default installation.

To activate the SMLListener, you need to uncomment the JVM path (`JAVA_JVM_PATH`) and the library path (`LD_LIBRARY_PATH`) in the `sys/mt_services.sh` shell script and update the JVM path with the library path of your Java 6 installation.

```

# Matisse Server Manager Listener service
#JAVA_JVM_PATH=/opt/tools/j2se/jre/lib/i386/
#LD_LIBRARY_PATH=${JAVA_JVM_PATH}/server:${JAVA_JVM_PATH}/
client:${JAVA_JVM_PATH}:${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}
#
you also need to uncomment the script of the start() and
stop() function in the sys/mt_services.sh shell script.
start() {
    [...]
    # Matisse Server Manager Listener service
    #daemon ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_smlistener &
    #RETVAL=$?
    [...]
}

stop() {
    [...]
    # Matisse Server Manager Listener service
    #killproc mt_smlistener && success "$base mt_smlistener
shutdown" || failure "$base mt_smlistener shutdown"
    [...]
}

```

Managing Databases Autorestart

The `mt_databases.sh` shell script located in the `sys` directory of a Matisse installation holds the commands to start/stop the database automatically after a reboot/shutdown of the machine. Logged as root, the DBA can update the file to list the databases to be automatically started/stopped.

Autorestart

To automatically restart a database after a reboot, you need to uncomment the script of the `start()` function in the `sys/mt_databases.sh` shell script and update the script with your database name.

```
start() {
#
# To start a MATISSE database, uncomments the script below
# and list your databases
#
## if [ -f ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mts -a
${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_server ] ; then
##     echo "Delaying Matisse databases startup for 3 sec
until portmons are started"
##     sleep 3
##     echo "Starting Matisse database <your_db_name>"
##     ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_server -d <your_db_name> start
## fi
}
```

Autoshutdown

To automatically stop a database during a shutdown, you need to uncomment the script of the `stop()` function in the `sys/mt_databases.sh` shell script and update the script with your database name.

```
stop() {
#
# To stop a MATISSE database, uncomments the script below
# and list your databases
#
## if [ -f ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mts -a
${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_server ] ; then
##     echo "Stopping Matisse database <your_db_name>"
##     ${MATISSE_HOME}/bin/mt_server -d <your_db_name> stop
## fi
}
```

Troubleshooting your Matisse Installation

After following the standard Matisse installation procedure you should be able to run Matisse. In particular, the Matisse Port Monitor is automatically started by the installer, and set to be stopped and restarted during shutdown/reboot. It is also automatically stopped and removed by the uninstaller.

You may check the following guidelines if you experience any problem or if you want more control over the port monitor.

Install Directory

The commands `mt_env.sh` and `mt_env.csh` will set the `MATISSE_HOME`, `MATISSE_CFG`, `MATISSE_LOG` environment variables to `<install_dir>`. These variable should point to local filesystem paths.

If `<install_dir>` is a NFS directory, you will have to define new values to the `MATISSE_HOME`, `MATISSE_CFG`, `MATISSE_LOG` environment variables.

You may also verify that the matisse executables have write permission in the log directory and in the `config` directory.

```
> chmod a+w <install_dir>/log
> chmod a+w <install_dir>/config
```

Enterprise Manager

The Matisse Enterprise Manager is a Java application which requires Java 6 or higher to be installed and accessible on the machine. The commands `mt_env.sh` and `mt_env.csh` will set the path to the JVM whenever possible.

Matisse Port Monitor

The port monitor allows client applications to connect to any Matisse server with a single port number. To check if the port monitor is properly installed and started, first log as root, then verify (or add) the following line in `/etc/services`:

```
mtportmon      7421/tcp # Matisse port monitor
```

You may verify that it is running with `mt_pmadm`:

```
> mt_pmadm -L -p mttcp
11:17:33 PMADM-I-PMSTATE, Port Monitor is enabled
11:17:33 PMADM-I-TRPTYPE, Transport type: tcp
11:17:33 PMADM-I-NOSVCLIST, No services registered
```

If you do not have a port monitor running, login as root and set your environment variables, then start the port monitor. Then verify that it is properly running with the `-L` option or by checking the log file:

```
# mt_pmadm -s -p mttcp -t tcp
# cat <install_dir>/log/mttcp.myhost.log
17:27:00 MATISSE Portmon Version 8.3
```

```
17:27:00 PORTMON-I-ISTATE, Initial state: enabled
17:27:00 PORTMON-I-INITCOMPLETE, Initialization complete
```

Remote Server Access

If you cannot connect to a remote database server because of errors such as `INVTRANSPORT` or `SRVCONFAILED` while you can establish local connections without any problem, you may need to double check your firewall settings. Please refer to the [Matisse® Server Administration Guide](#) for more details on updating your firewall settings.